

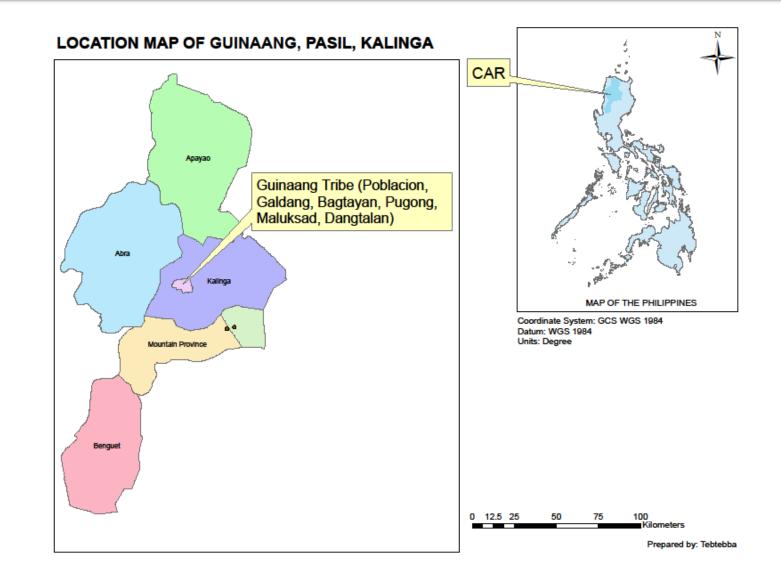
Community Strengthening of Indigenous Peoples Resources Inventory: The Case of Guinaang, Pasil, Kalinga

ARE

20,10,14

Working for the recognition, protection and fulfillment of indigenous peoples' rights

Guinaang, Pasil, Kalinga, Phil.





THE GUINAANG TRIBE





THE GUINAANG TRIBE

LIVELIHOODS AND TRADITIONAL OCCUPATIONS

Photo of Barangay Bagtayan



THE GUINAANG TRIBE

- Traditional Customary Governance
 - Council of Elders/leaders
 - Peacepacts or "Bodong"
 - Peacepact Agreement or "Pagta"





Community Partnership

- Initiation Phase
 - Establishing
 Partnership with the
 Indigenous Farmers
 Association of
 Guinaang, Pasil, Inc.
 (IFAGPI)
 - Getting free prior and informed consent



THE RESEARCH PROCESS

- Participatory Action Research
 - Community-Based Monitoring Information System (CBMIS)

- CBMIS Five Core Domains
 - Land, Territories, and Resources
 - Traditional Knowledge
 - Full and Effective participation
 - Traditional Governance
 - Human Rigths



THE RESEARCH PROCESS

- Mapping
 - Orientation, Sketch
 Mapping, Google
 Earth Database,
 Topographic Maps,
 3D Model Map, GPS
 Demarcation, Paper
 Maps







Working for the recognition, protection and fulfillment

of indigenous peoples' rights THE RESEARCH PROCESS

Inventory of resources Forest, Agroforest, pasturelands, ricelands, swidden farms and Settlements

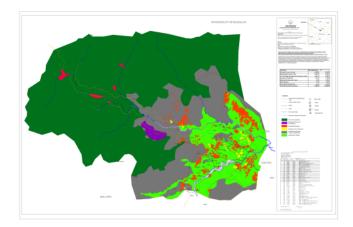


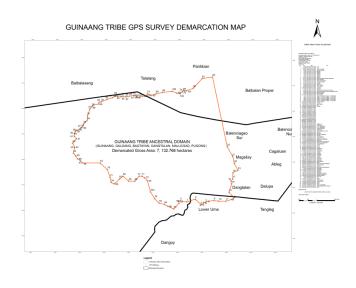




CBMIS RESULTS

- Document for "The Guinaang Tribe, Land Use and Traditional Customary Governance"
- Maps of the territory
 3D map, Land use, Tribal map







CBMIS RESULTS

- Research Report on "The Indigenous Knowledge Systems on Food Production and Health Care of the Guinaang Tribe-Pasil, Kalinga Province"
- Inventory of Flora in the Forest







ACTIONS TAKEN

- Institutional Capacity Building
 - IPSSDD Training
 - Leadership Training
 - Financial Management
 Training
 - Social Enterprise
 Management





s' rights ACTIONS TAKEN

- Knowledge transmission to most of the community members
- Re-affirmation of tribal areas and boundaries thru renewal of peacepacts







nd fulfillment s peoples' rights ACTIONS TAKEN

- Tribal Forum
- Barangay and Municipal Local Government Units Level Forums







Actions Taken

 Strategic response to external threats of proposed geothermal and mining projects to the customary tenure rights and ancestral domain



- Geothermal Information and Education Campaign (IEC)
- Municipal Forum
- Meetings with NCIP



Actions Taken

- Collective analysis and planning
 - Planning on
 livelihood
 development
 - Public awareness raising







- Innovations in the Ricelands
- Natural Farming for Enhancing Soil Fertility through developing application of organic inputs as well as biological controls to pests.





- System of Rice Intensification (SRI)
- utilize local resources
- Revitalize traditional practices on farming
- 75-80 % Yield increase



SRI	Conventional
# of plant per hill plus tillers equals the	# of plant per hill remains as the number of
number of panicles	panicles
Panicles ripen simultaneously	tillers does not grow the same time with the
	mother plant
For seeds; 30-35 bundles per hectare	For seeds; 350-375 bundles per hectare
Bigger rice stalks, longer and heavier grain	
Lesser "Bungaw"	



- Integration of SALT in the Swidden Farms
- Revival of Traditional Seeds





and the state of the

Livelihoods Intervention

Pastureland
 Development







Livelihoods Intervention

• Enhancing Agroforestry







- Social Enterprise
 - Milling
 - Sugarcane Production and Processing (Muscovado and Wine)







SDGs 2030 Engagement





CHALLENGES AND WAYS

FORWARD

- Food Production
 - Decrease in the production of rice
 - Introduction of high-yielding varieties of rice that are dependent on chemical inputs
 - Insufficient Irrigation
 - Need Rehab of Coffee trees
 - Decrease in Legumes production
- Global Climate Change

– Changes in rainfall patterns, weather extremes



CHALLENGES AND WAYS

FORWARD

- Tourism Agenda
- Threat from Extractive Industries
 - Geothermal, Mining, Hydros



"Adherence to our indigenous values, institutions, customary laws and governance systems, have always guided the indigenous knowledge and practices. These knowledge systems and practices are part of the rich history, culture and heritage of the Guinaang tribe. All these were inherited from our ancestors and this is our identity which we should continue to practice and nurture so that we can pass on to the next generations. While there are changes of some of our indigenous values, culture, and practices, we still hold on to the basic foundations of our history and cultural identity that we hope to share and continue to instill to the next generations. Even with the influence of modernization, religion, educational system and other modern technologies, we hope to continue to hold on to our heritage and identity as Guinaang tribe."



Dakkel ay iyaman! Thank you!